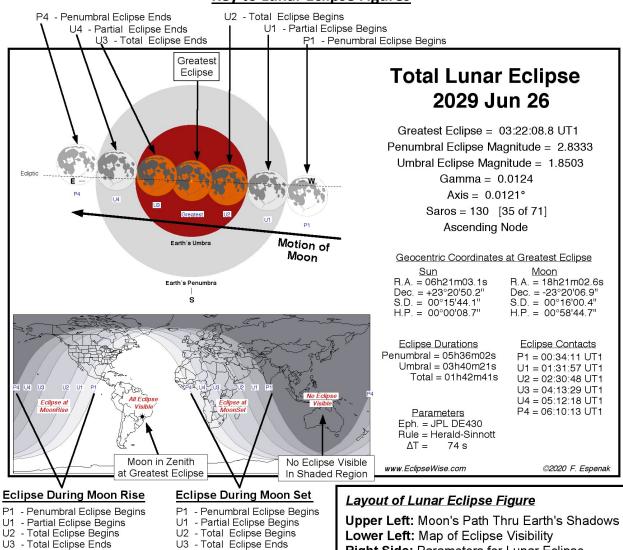
ECLIPSE ALMANAC: 2021 TO 2030

Lunar Eclipse Figures

Key to Lunar Eclipse Figures



Right Side: Parameters for Lunar Eclipse

Explanation of Parameters Used in Lunar Eclipse Figures

Greatest Eclipse - The instant when the Moon passes closest to the axis of Earth's shadow cone (Universal Time⁹) **Penumbral Eclipse Magnitude** – Fraction of the Moon's diameter immersed in the penumbra at greatest eclipse. **Umbral Eclipse Magnitude** – The fraction of the Moon's diameter immersed in the umbra at greatest eclipse. Gamma - Minimum distance from the Moon's center to Earth's shadow axis (units of Earth's equatorial radius). Axis - Minimum distance from the Moon's center to Earth's shadow axis (units of degrees).

Saros Series – The Saros series that the eclipse belongs to. The numbers in "[]" are the eclipse's sequential position and the number of eclipses in the Saros series.

Node – The orbital node near which the eclipse takes place (Ascending Node or Descending Node).

Geocentric Coordinates of the Sun and the Moon at Greatest Eclipse

U4 - Partial Eclipse Ends

P4 - Penumbral Eclipse Ends

R.A. - Right Ascension

U4 - Partial Eclipse Ends

P4 - Penumbral Eclipse Ends

S.D. - Semi-Diameter (i.e. - radius)

H.P. - Horizontal Parallax

Dec. - Declination Eclipse Durations - Durations of Penumbral, Partial, and Total Eclipse.

Eclipse Contacts - Contact Times (Universal Time or UT1) of the Moon with the Penumbra and the Umbra

- P1, P4 Start and End of the Penumbral Eclipse
- **U1**, **U4** Start and End of the Partial Eclipse
- U2, U3 Start and End of the Total Eclipse

⁹ Universal Time or UT1 is the modern replacement for Greenwich Mean Time